

4th year Civil Eng.

Concrete

12

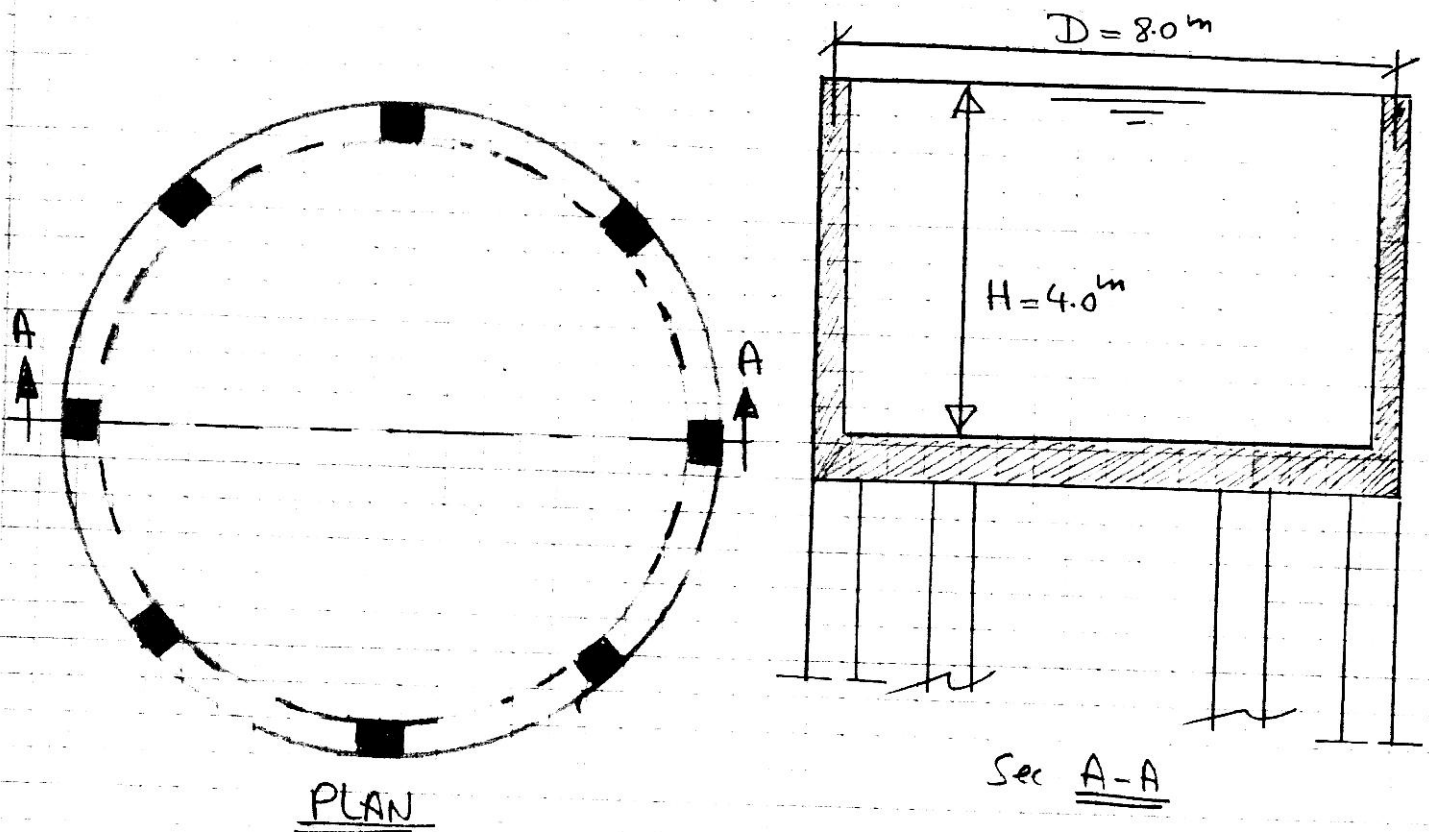


Circular
Tanks #

[Elevated Tank]

Ex :

Design the Shown Elevated circular tank.
If $f_w = 30 \text{ MPa}$ & $f_y = 360 \text{ MPa}$.



Elevated tank supported on Outer Perimeter.

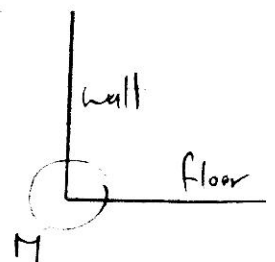
→ Statically Indeterminate tank.

Assume $t_w = 0.48 \sqrt{hR} = 0.48 \times 1.0 \times 4 \times 4 = 6.4 \text{ cm} < 20 \text{ cm}$

$$\boxed{t_w = 20 \text{ cm}}$$

Assume $t_f = t_w + 10 = \boxed{30 \text{ cm}}$

Use the Moment Distribution Method to determine the moment between wall & Floor.



Fixed End Moments and Stiffness :-

Wall M_w^f

$$\frac{H^2}{D.t_w} = \frac{(4)^2}{8 \times (0.2)} = 100$$

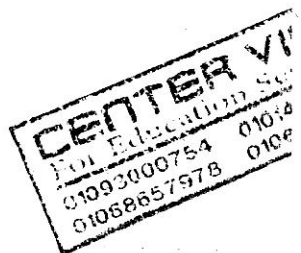
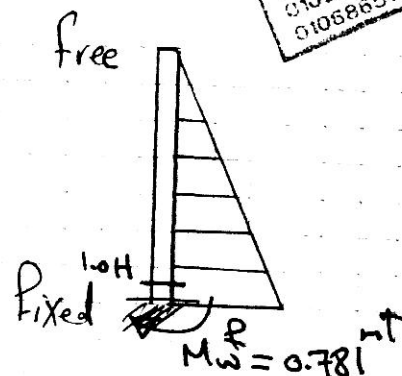


Table VII

$$M_w^f = \text{Coeff} \times \gamma_w \times H^3$$

$$M_w^f = -0.0122 \times 1.0 \times (4)^3$$

$$M_w^f = -0.781 \text{ mt/m}$$



K_{wall}

Table XX

$$K_{\text{wall}} = \text{Coeff} \times \frac{E t_w^3}{H} = 1.01 \times \frac{E \times (0.2)^3}{4}$$

$$K_{\text{wall}} = 2.02 \times 10^{-3} E$$

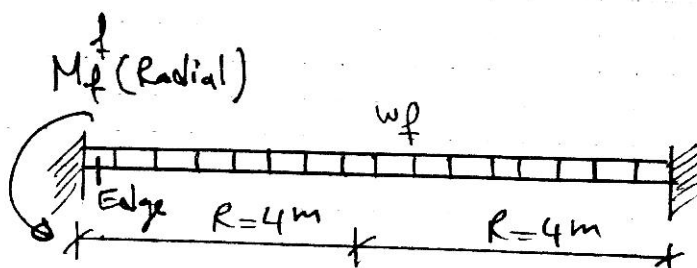
Floor

M_f^f

P.127 Design Aids

$$w_f = \gamma_c t_f + \gamma_w H_w$$

$$w_f = 2.5 \times 0.3 + 1.0 \times 4.0 = 4.75 \text{ H/m}^2$$



$$M_f^f (\text{Radial}) = 0.125 w_f R^2 = 0.125 \times (4.75) \times (4)^2$$

$$M_f^f = 9.5 \text{ mt/m}$$

K_{floor}

Table XIX

▷ Circular plate without central support

$$K_{\text{floor}} = 0.104 \times \frac{E t_f^3}{R} = 0.104 \times \frac{E \times (0.3)^3}{(4.0)}$$

$$K_{\text{floor}} = 0.702 \times 10^{-3} E$$

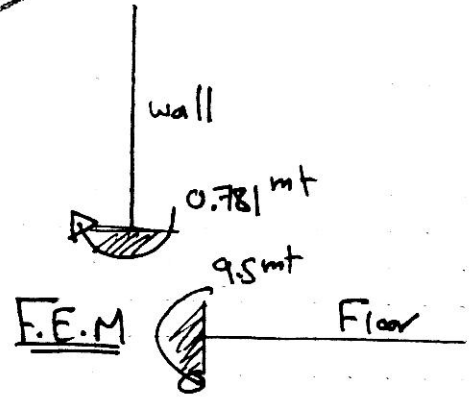
Moment Distribution :-



$$D.F_{wall} = \frac{K_{wall}}{K_{wall} + K_{floor}}$$

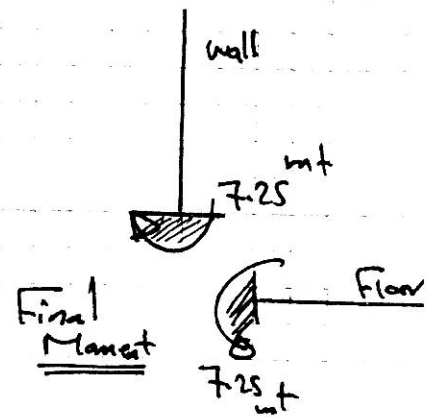
$$D.F_{wall} = \frac{2.02}{2.02 + 0.702} = \boxed{0.742}$$

$$D.F_{floor} = 1 - D.F_{wall} = \boxed{0.258}$$



	wall	Floor
D.F	0.742	0.258
F.E.M	+0.781	-9.5 mt
Dist. Moment	+6.47	+8.719
Final Moment	+7.25 mt	-7.25 mt

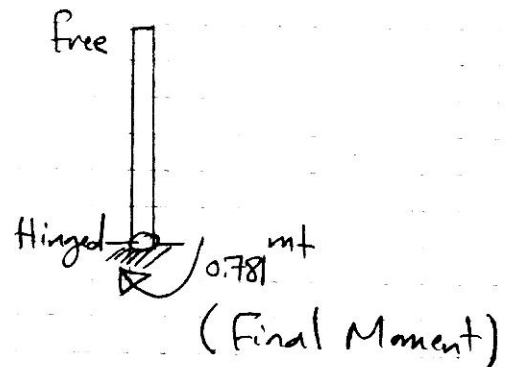
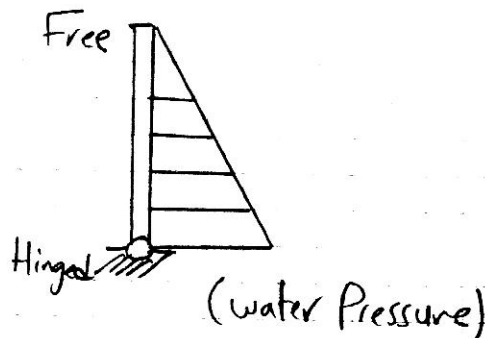
↑ + ←



Straining Actions :-

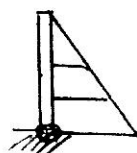
Wall

Water Pressure (Water Pressure) (Final Moment) Hinged at Base



Wall H.C. Dir (Ring tension)

$$T = T_1 (\text{water Pressure}) + T_2 (\text{Final M.})$$



$$\rightarrow T_1 \text{ (table II)} = \text{Coeff} * \gamma_w H R$$

$$T_1 = \text{Coeff} * 1.0 * 4.0 * 4.0 = \boxed{\text{Coeff} * 16}$$

$$\rightarrow T_2 \text{ (table VI)} = \text{Coeff} * \frac{MR}{H^2}$$

$$T_2 = \text{Coeff} * \frac{-725 * 4.0}{(4.0)^2} = \boxed{-\text{Coeff} * 1.8125}$$



Section	Water Pressure		Final Moment		T
	Coeff ①	T ₁	Coeff ②	T ₂	
0.3H	+0.311	+4.976	-0.94	+1.7	+6.679
<u>0.4H</u>	+0.428	+6.848	-0.73	+1.323	<u>+8.17</u>
0.5H	+0.552	+8.832	+0.82	-1.486	+7.34
0.6H	+0.666	+10.656	+4.79	-8.68	+1.97
0.7H					
0.8H					
0.9H					

$$T_{\max} = \boxed{+8.17}$$

at 0.4H

Design of Section of Ring tension:-

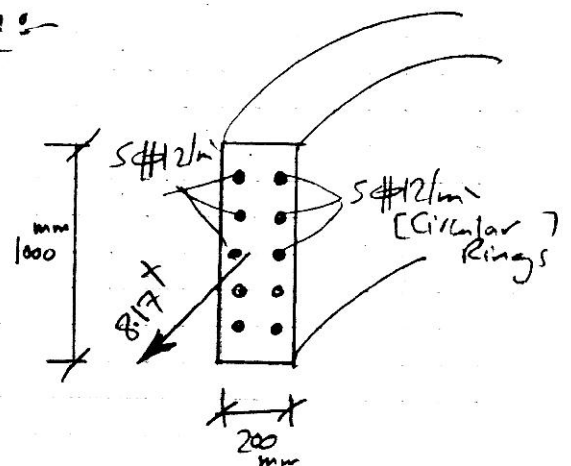
- Check tensile stresses:-

$$f_{ct} = \frac{T}{bt} = \frac{8.17 * 10^4}{1000 * 200}$$

$$f_{ct} = \underline{0.41 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

$$\frac{f_{ctr}}{\gamma} = \frac{0.6\sqrt{30}}{1.7} = 1.933 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_{ct} < \frac{f_{ctr}}{\gamma} \quad (\text{ok safe})$$



- (A_s) $T_u = 1.4 T = 11.438t$

$$A_s = \frac{T_u}{f_y / \gamma_s} = \frac{11.438 * 10^4}{(0.85 * 360) / 1.15} = \boxed{430 \text{ mm}^2}$$

$$A_{s/side} = \frac{A_s}{2} = \boxed{215 \text{ mm}^2}$$

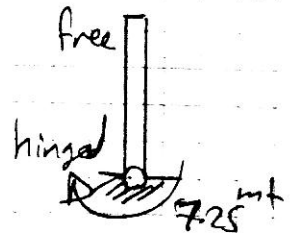
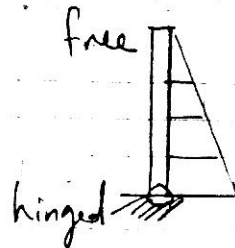
Use $5\phi 12/m$ each side

VL Dir

"Cantilever Action"

Moment

$$M = M_1 (\text{water Pressure}) + M_2 (\text{Final moment})$$



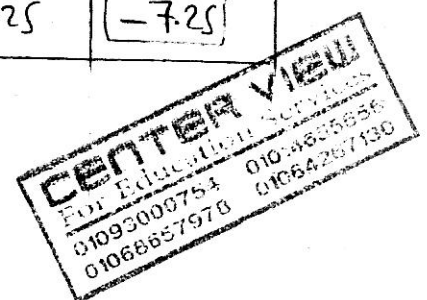
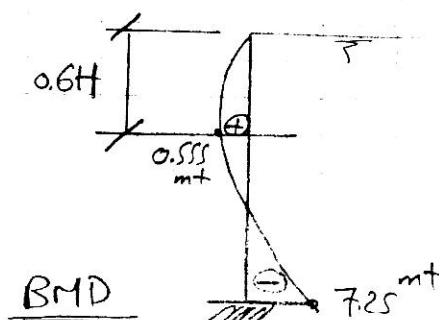
$$\rightarrow M_1 (\text{table VIII}) = \text{Coeff} \times \gamma_w \times H^3$$

$$M_1 = \text{Coeff} \times 1.0 \times (4)^3 = \boxed{\text{Coeff} \times 64}$$

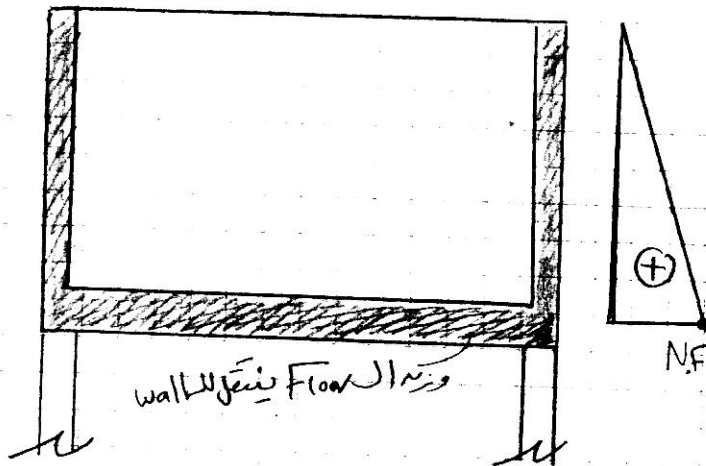
$$\rightarrow M_2 (\text{table XI}) = \text{Coeff} \times M$$

$$M_2 = \text{Coeff} \times -7.25 = \boxed{-\text{Coeff} \times 7.25}$$

Section	Water Pressure		Final Moment		M
	Coeff (1)	M_1	Coeff (2)	M_2	
0.3H					
0.4H					
0.5H	+0.0002	+0.0128	-0.053	+0.3842	+0.397
<u>0.6H</u>	+0.0011	+0.07	-0.067	+0.48	<u>+0.555</u>
0.7H	+0.0025	+0.16	-0.031	+0.2247	+0.384
0.8H					
0.9H					
<u>1.0H</u>	0.	0	+1	-7.25	<u>-7.25</u>



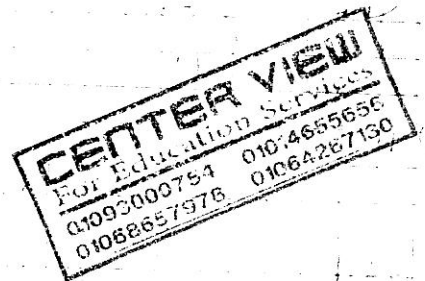
N.F (wall)



- If there is no exterior Circular Beam [wall directly on columns]

→ N.f (wall) Caused by Floor weight

Tension

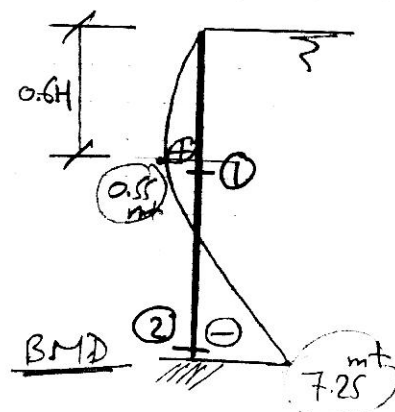
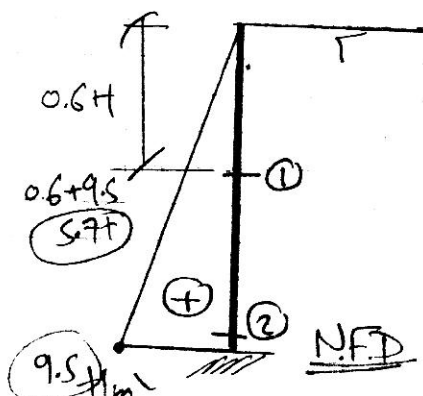


N.F " No exterior circular Beam "

$$\text{Load from Floor to wall /m} = \frac{w_f \times A_f}{\text{Perimeter of wall}}$$

$$N = \frac{4.75 \times \pi \frac{(8)^2}{4}}{\pi (8)} = 9.5 \text{ t/m}$$

$$T_{\text{wall}} = 9.5 \text{ t/m}$$

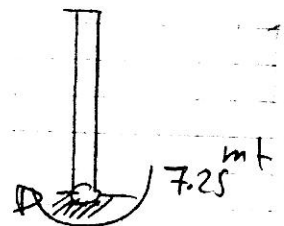
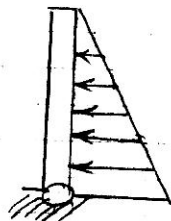


Critical sections of wall :-

Section	N	M	Type	t (mm)	A_s / m^2
1 (2)	+5.7+ +9.5+	0.55 mt 7.25 mt	Air Water	200 200 S50	6#16 / m

Wall Shear Cause N.F. on floor

$$V = V_1 (\text{water pressure}) + V_2 (\text{Final moment})$$

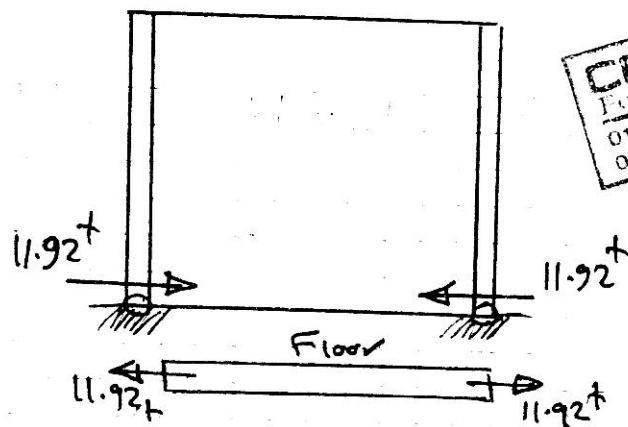


$$V = \text{Coeff} \times \gamma_w H^2 + \text{Coeff} \times \frac{M}{H}$$

$$V = +0.087 \times 1.0 \times (4)^2 + (-5.81) \times \frac{-7.25}{4.0}$$

$$V = +11.92+$$

act inward داخل

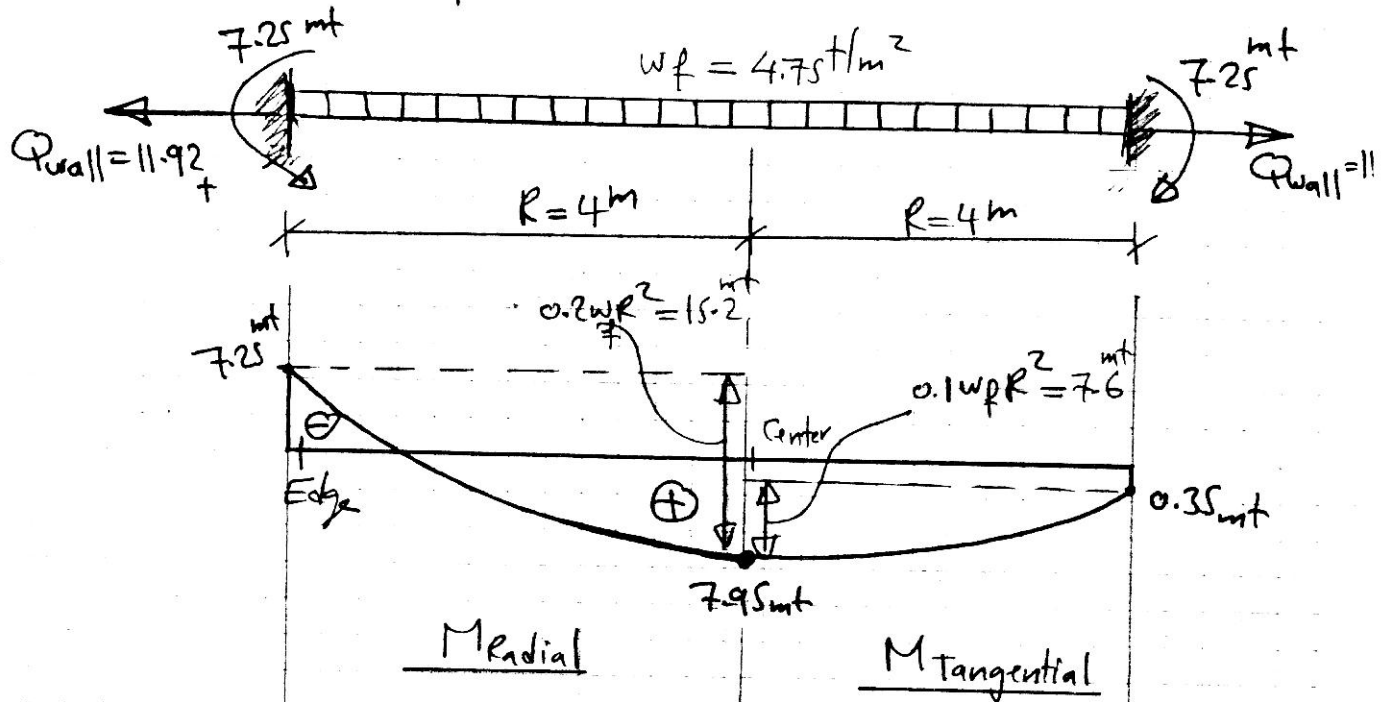


CENTER VIEW
For Education Services
01093000754 0103465563
01068657978 0106426713

Floor :-

- ▷ • Radial Moment
- ▷ • Tangential Moment
- ▷ • N.F.

Circular plate



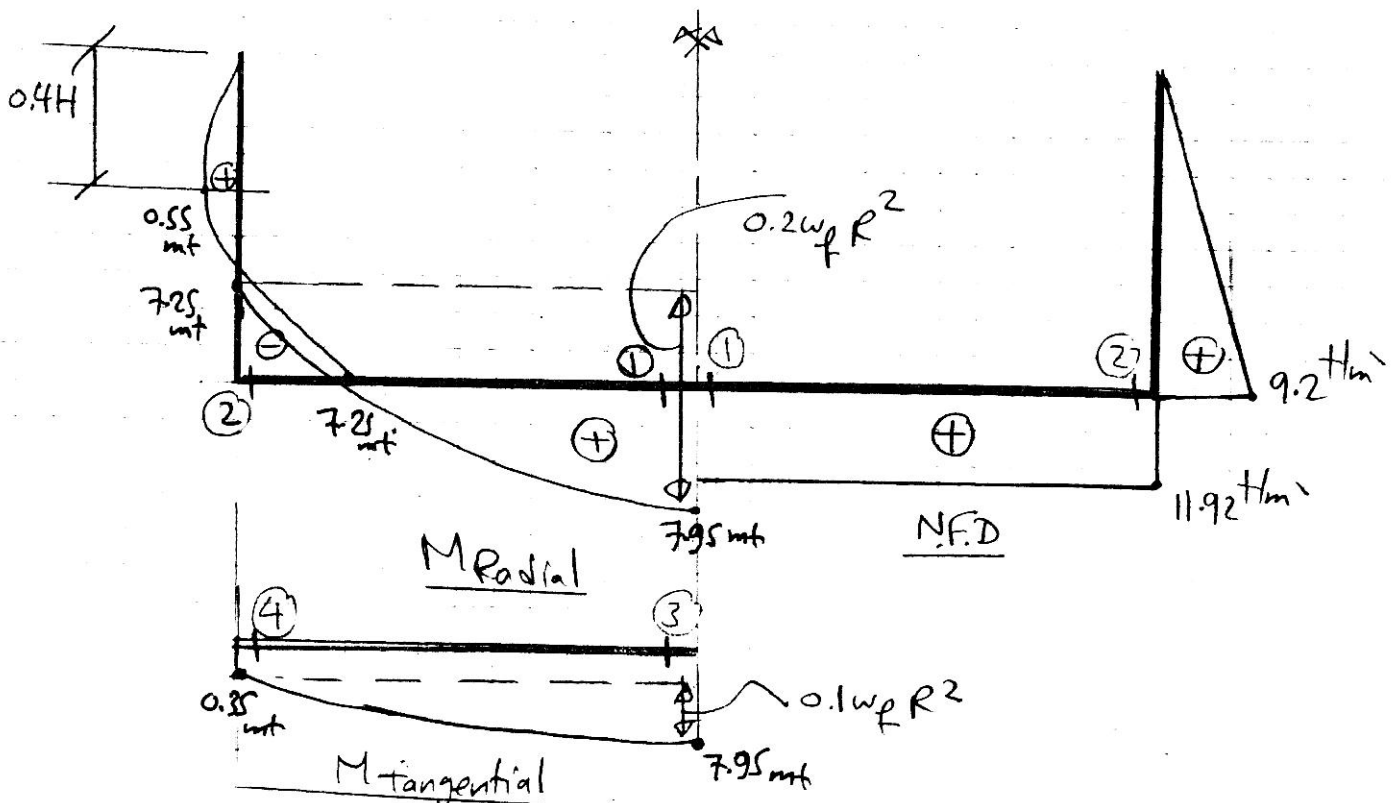
$M_R [\text{Edge}] = -7.25\text{ mt}$

$M_R [\text{center}] = -7.25 + 0.2 w_f R^2 = +7.95\text{ mt}$

$M_T = M_R [\text{center}] = +7.95\text{ mt}$

$M_T [\text{Edge}] = +7.95 - 0.1 w_f R^2 = +0.35\text{ mt}$

Moments & NF on tank



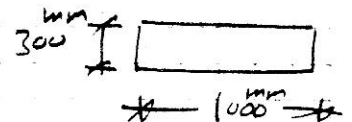
Critical sections for Floor :-

Section	$N (\oplus)$	$M (mt)$	Type	t (mm)	A_s l/m^2
1	+11.92	7.95 (M_R)	Air	300	7 $\phi 16$ l/m^2
2	+11.92	7.25 (M_R)	Water	300 SSO	6 $\phi 16$ l/m^2
3	—	7.95 (M_T)	Air	300	7 $\phi 16$ l/m^2
4	—	0.35 (M_T)	Air	300	min 5 $\phi 12$ l/m^2 5 $\phi 10$ l/m^2

Design of Critical section for wall & Floors -

Sec (2) Floor $N = 11.92^+$ & $M = 7.25^{mt}$ [water-side]

• Check tensile stresses



$$f_{ct} = \frac{N}{bt} + \frac{6M}{bt^2}$$

$$f_{ct} = \frac{11.92 \times 10^4}{1000 \times 300} + \frac{6 \times 7.25 \times 10^7}{1000 \times (300)^2}$$

$$f_{ct} = 0.397 + 4.833 = \underline{\underline{5.23 \text{ N/mm}^2}}$$

$$\frac{f_{ctr}}{\eta} \Rightarrow t_u = 300 \left[1 + \frac{0.397}{4.833} \right] = \underline{\underline{325 \text{ mm}}}$$

$$\boxed{\eta \approx 1.5}$$

$$\frac{f_{ctr}}{\eta} = \frac{0.6\sqrt{30}}{1.5} = 2.19 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_{ct} > \frac{f_{ctr}}{\eta} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{Unsafe}}}$$

Take $\boxed{t = 550 \text{ mm}}$

$$f_{ct} = \frac{11.92 \times 10^4}{1000 \times 550} + \frac{6 \times 7.25 \times 10^7}{1000 \times (550)^2}$$

$$f_{ct} = 0.216 + 1.438 = \underline{\underline{1.65 \text{ N/mm}^2}}$$

$$f_{ct} < \frac{f_{ctr}}{\eta} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{ok Safe}}}$$



• A_s

$$e = \frac{M}{N} = \frac{7.25}{11.92} = 0.608 \text{ m} > \frac{t}{2} \text{ (Big ecc)}$$

$$e_s = e - \frac{t}{2} + \text{cover} = 0.608 - \frac{0.55}{2} + 0.04 = \boxed{0.37 \text{ m}}$$

$$M_{us} = N_u \cdot e_s = (1.4 \times 11.92) \times 0.37 = \boxed{6.228 \text{ mt}}$$

$$d = c_1 \sqrt{\frac{M_{us}}{f_u \cdot b}} \rightarrow c_1 \rightarrow \boxed{J = 0.826}$$

$$A_s = \frac{M_{us}}{f_y \cdot J \cdot d} + \frac{N_u}{f_y / \gamma_s}$$

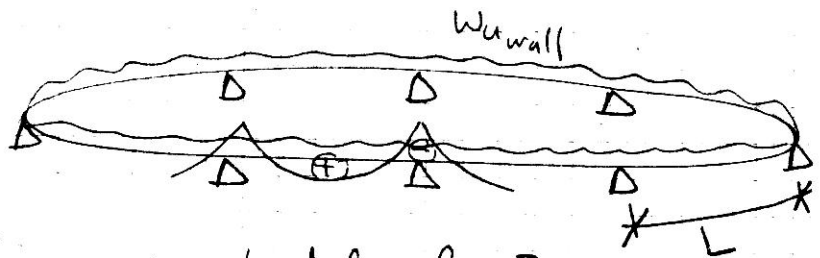
$$A_s = \frac{6.228 \times 10^7}{(0.8 \times 360) \times 0.826 \times 510} + \frac{(1.4 \times 11.92) \times 10^4}{(0.8 \times 360) / 1.15}$$

$$\boxed{A_s = 1179.7 \text{ mm}^2}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Use } 6 \#16 / \text{m}^2}$$

Design of wall as abeam [Beam action]

Wall acts as abeam on Columns if there is no outer circular beam



$$W_{uwall} = 1.4 [\text{own wt} + \text{load from floor}]$$

$$W_{uwall} = 1.4 [\gamma_c \cdot t_w \cdot H + 9.5] = 1.4 [2.5 \times 0.2 \times 4 + 9.5]$$

$$W_{uwall} = \boxed{15.68 \text{ t/m}^2}$$

• Moments on Circular Beam :- Design Aids P. 91

$$M_{\max} (-ve) = -0.0083 P_r$$

$$M_{\max} (+ve) = +0.0042 P_r$$

$$P = 2 \pi r w_{\text{wall}} = 2 \pi \times 4 \times 15.68 = \underline{394.08 \text{ t/m}}$$

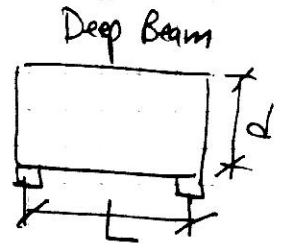
- max $M_{-ve} = \boxed{-13.08 \text{ mt}}$
- max $M_{+ve} = \boxed{+6.62 \text{ mt}}$

Design of wall as a Deep Beam :-

If $\frac{L}{d} < 4 \rightarrow \text{"Deep Beam"}$

$$\text{Span of Beam} = \frac{\pi D}{n_c} = \frac{\pi(8)}{8} = \boxed{3.14 \text{ m}}$$

no. of columns



$$d = t - \text{cover} = 40 - 0.1 = 3.9 \text{ m}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{L}{d} = \frac{3.14}{3.9} = 0.8 < 4 \rightarrow \text{"Deep Beam"}$$

$$\otimes \frac{L}{d} < 1.25 \text{ [simple]}$$

$$\otimes \frac{L}{d} < 2.5 \text{ [continuous]}$$

\rightarrow Design Using Empirical method

$$\otimes \frac{L}{d} > 1.25 \text{ [simple]}$$

$$\otimes \frac{L}{d} > 2.5 \text{ [continuous]}$$

\rightarrow Strut & Tie Model

$$\rightarrow \frac{L}{d} < 2.5 \rightarrow \text{"Empirical Method"}$$

Empirical Method

$$\rightarrow T_u = \frac{M_u \Theta}{\gamma_{ct}}$$

$$\rightarrow \gamma_{ct} \Theta = 0.37 L \times 0.87 d$$

$$A_s = \frac{T_u}{f_y \gamma_s}$$

$$\bullet \gamma_{ct} = 0.37 \times 3.14 = \underline{1.1618 \text{ m}} < 0.87 \times 3.9 = 3.4 \text{ m}$$

OK

$$T_u = \frac{M_{u\ominus}}{Y_{ct}} = \frac{13.08}{1.1618} = \boxed{11.25 \text{ t}}$$

$$A_s = \frac{11.25 \times 10^4}{(0.8 \times 360) / 1.15} = \underline{\underline{450 \text{ mm}^2}}$$

* Check A_{smin} :-

A_{smin} = the least of
provisions

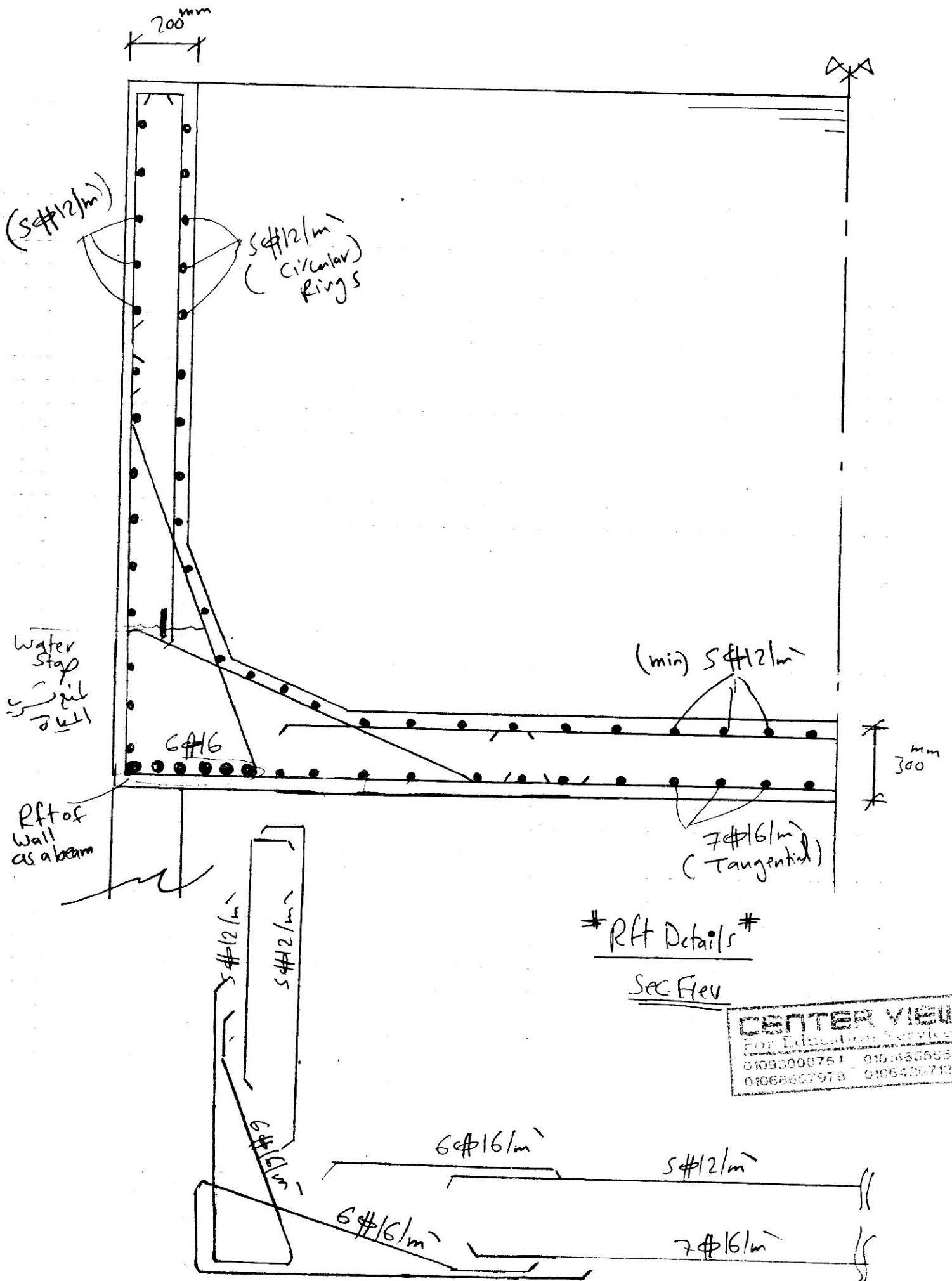
$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow \frac{0.25 \sqrt{f_{cu}}}{f_y} b d \geq \frac{1.1}{f_y} b d \\ &\quad \quad \quad \boxed{3026.16 \text{ mm}^2} \quad \quad \quad \boxed{2383 \text{ mm}^2} \\ &\rightarrow 1.3 A_{sreq} = \underline{\underline{584.4 \text{ mm}^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$A_{smin} \nless \frac{0.15}{100} b d \nless \boxed{1170 \text{ mm}^2}$$

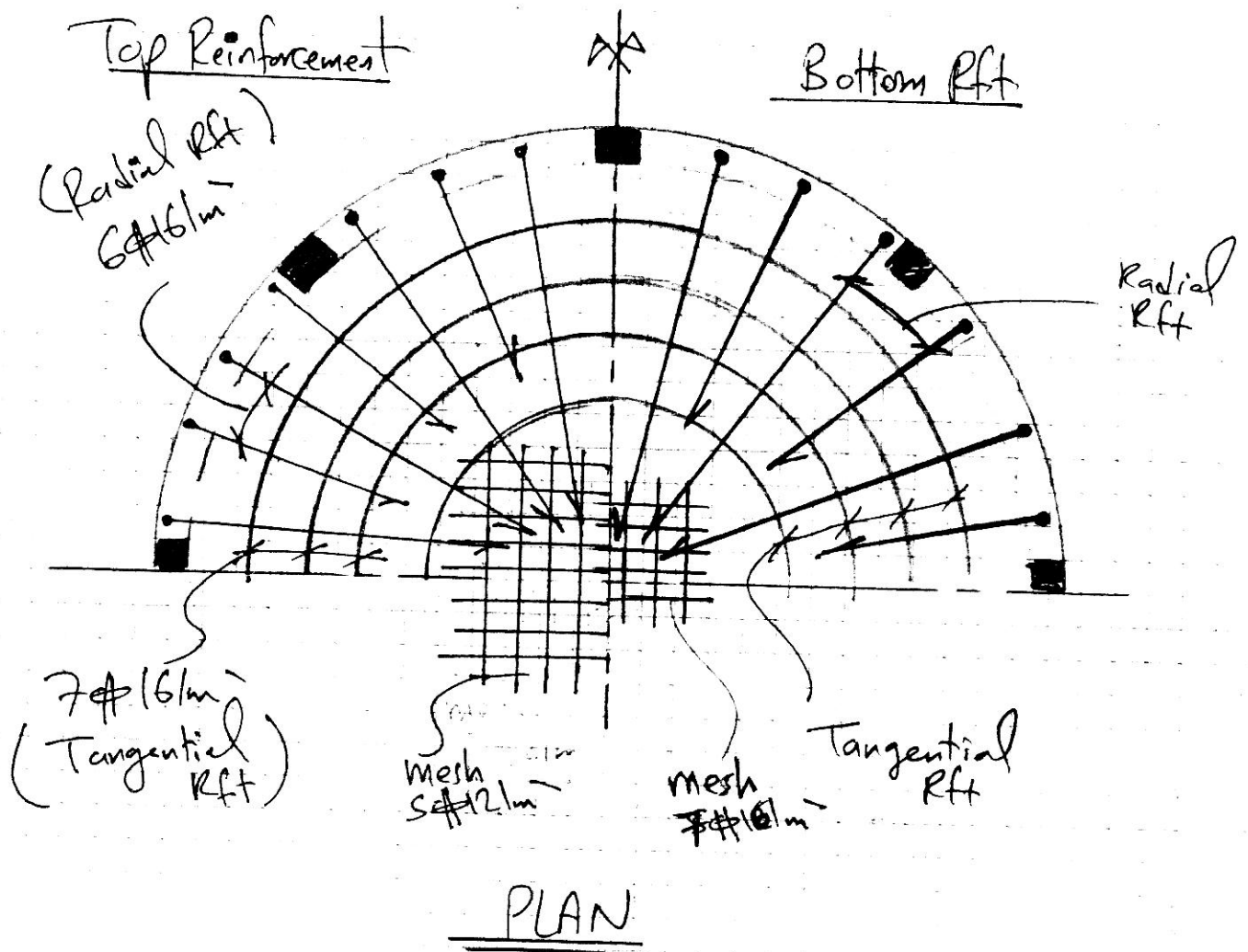
$$\boxed{A_{smin} = 1170 \text{ mm}^2}$$

$$A_s = A_{smin} = \boxed{1170 \text{ mm}^2}$$

$\boxed{\text{Use } 6\phi 16}$ * for wall as a beam *



CENTER VIEW
 For Education Services
 01090008751 0104636856
 01068657978 01054207130



CENTER VIEW
 For Engineering Services
 01093000 0106635656
 010666 01064267130